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## **CLAIMS**

A method of backing up and restoring data in a computer system, the method comprising: 2 3 defining a logical backup object; specifying one or more collapsed extents; and 4 5 recording details of the collapsed extents. 1 2. 1 The\method of claim 1 further comprising: 2 starting data movement between a host and the backup and restore system; and 3 monitoring data movement. 1 1 3. The method of claim 2 further comprising: 2 receiving a completed signal; and in response to the completed signal, halting the monitoring of the data movement. 3 1 1 The method of claim 2 further comprising repeatedly defining a logical backup 4. 1 2 object, specifying extents, starting data movement, recording details of the specified 3 extents and monitoring that a movement from a first storage unit to a second storage unit until all data is transferred to the second storage unit. 4 1 5. The method of claim 2 further comprising restoring data by: 1 creating empty objects to restore into; 2 3 discovering the extents of the empty objects; reading the extents of the backup objects; and 4 5 specifying a mapping from backup extents to restore extents wherein at least one 6 of the extents corresponds to a collapsed extent.

> A method of backing up data used in a computer system having a client, a primary 6.

2	storage system and a backup storage system, the method comprising:
3	discovering one or more actual extents on the primary storage system;
4	collapsing the extents; and
5	specifying the collapsed extents to the backup storage system.
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1	7. The method of claim 6 wherein collapsing the extents comprises:
2	identifying a pattern in the actual extents discovered on the primary storage
3	system; and
4	generating a representation of files specified by the actual extents which is more
5	compact than the representation provided by the actual extents and defining the
6	representation as a collapsed extent.
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1	8. A method of restoring data from a backup and restore system to a host, the
2	method comprising:
3	creating empty objects on host to restore into;
4	discovering the extents of the empty objects;
5	reading the extents of the backup objects; and
6	specifying a mapping from backup extents to restore extents wherein at least one
7	of the extents corresponds to a collapsed extent.
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1	9. The method of Claim 8 wherein specifying a mapping comprises specifying pairs of
2	extents which identify the backup extents and the restore extents.
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1	The method of Claim 8 wherein specifying a mapping comprises:
2	identifying whether both back up and restore extents is striped;
3	in response to both the back up and restore extents being striped, identifying
4	whether both back up and restore extents have the same column width and column count;
5	in response to both the back up and restore extents being striped, identifying
6,	whether both back up and restore extents start at the beginning of a stripe element;
7	compute a number of repetitions; and

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8	generate a single restore extent for the number of repetitions.
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1	11. The method of Claim 8 further comprising:
2	monitoring data movement.
3	receiving a complete signal; and
4	in response to the completed signal halting the monitoring of the data movement.
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1	12. A backup and restore system for backing up and restoring files to and from a
2	primary storage system coupled to a client, the backup and restore system comprising:
3	a processor for defining a logical backup object;
4	a collapsed extent processor for specifying collapsed extents,
5	means for starting data movement; and
6	an extent recording processor for recording details of collapsed extents.
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1	13. The system of claim 11 further comprising means for logically restoring a logical
2	element from a segment of storage on the primary storage system.
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1	14. The system of claim 12 further comprising a processor for specifying a mapping
2	from backup extents to restore extents wherein at least one of the extents corresponds to a
3	collapsed extent.
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1	15. The system of claim 13, wherein said means for logically restoring comprises:
2	means for creating empty objects to restore into;
3	means for discovering the extents of the empty objects;
4	means for reading the extents of the backup objects; and
5	means for specifying a mapping from backup extents to restore extents wherein at
6	least one of the extents corresponds to a collapsed extent.
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1	16. The system of claim 13, wherein the means for logically restoring comprises means
2	for specifying pairs of extents which identify the backup extents and the restore extents.